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# 防空反导预警装备覆盖能力推演分析

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摘要:

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关键词:

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## Coverage Ability Deduction Analysis of Air Defense and Anti-missile Early Warning Equipment

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**Abstract:** In response to the air and space threats in the new era, the coverage of the air defense and anti-missile early warning equipment is deduced. Firstly, analyzes the characteristics of the aerospace threat target and its challenges to the early warning detection system. Then in a setting of deductive needs of air defense and anti-missile early warning equipment coverage ability, define 2 main evaluation indicators, regional coverage and multiple coverage ratios, establish their calculation methods. Then take the US air defense and anti-missile system as a typical case, analyze its equipment coverage capability and the equipment deployment features are summarized. The results show that the study is effective and feasible, and can provide timely and reliable information for missile defense system.

**Keywords:** air defense warning; missile warning; regional coverage; multiple coverage; radar visual range

### 0 引言

[3]

[4]

2

(defense support

“ ”

[5]

program DSP)

(space based infrared system SBIRS)

(space tracking and surveillance

system STSS)

SBIRS

4

6

[6]

2018 1 20

3

[1]

(overhead

persistent infrared OPIR)

[2]

2

[7-8]

STK

(spacebased kill assessment SKA)

earth orbit GEO)

(geosynchronous highly elliptical

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orbit HEO)

[9]

RCS / 20 dB  
Ma 1.8  
18 km

# 1 装备覆盖能力推演分析方法

## 1.2 装备覆盖能力的主要评估指标

### 1.1 威胁目标及其特点

2

1)

1)

7.4 km/s(22 ) 14 000 km 1 400 km

$S_0$   
 $P=S_0/S$   
2)

2)

$S_n$   
 $P_n=S_n/S(n-2)$

### 1.3 覆盖区域的计算方法

km 150 m 2 000 3 000  
m<sup>2</sup> BGM- 109 " RCS 0.1  
AGM- 158

#### 1.3.1 单传感器覆盖区域计算方法

3  
3 (x<sub>0</sub>,y<sub>0</sub>,z<sub>0</sub>)

3)

T- 50 F- 22 F- 35 B- 2  
 $R_{max}$   $A_{max}$   $E_{max}$  (R) (A) (E)

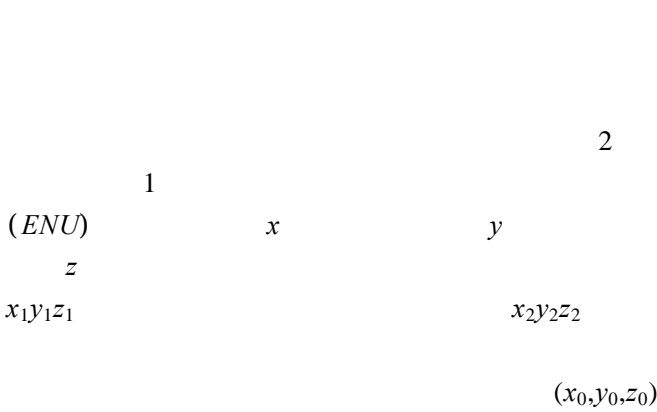


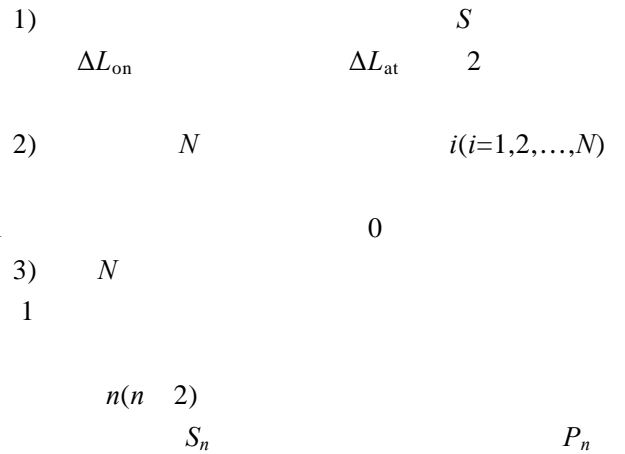
图 1 传感器量测坐标系

$$A = \begin{cases} 180 - \arcsin\left(\frac{y_2}{\sqrt{x_2^2 + y_2^2}}\right) & x < 0 \\ \arcsin\left(\frac{y_2}{\sqrt{x_2^2 + y_2^2}}\right) & x \geq 0, y < 0 \\ 360 + \arcsin\left(\frac{y_2}{\sqrt{x_2^2 + y_2^2}}\right) & x \geq 0, y \geq 0 \end{cases} \quad (4)$$

$$E = \arctan\left(\frac{z_2}{\sqrt{x_2^2 + y_2^2}}\right) \quad (5)$$

$$\left. \begin{matrix} R & R_{\max} \\ |A_2| & A_{2\max}/2 \\ |E_2| & E_{2\max}/2 \end{matrix} \right\} \quad (6)$$

1.3.2 多传感器覆盖区域计算方法



1.3.3 雷达视距计算方法

$$(6) \quad R_{\max}$$

$$A_1 = \arctan \frac{x_1}{z_1}$$

$$E_1 = \arctan\left(\frac{y_1}{\sqrt{x_1^2 + z_1^2}}\right) \quad (1)$$

$$A_{1\max}(\quad) \times E_{1\max}(\quad)$$

$$\left. \begin{matrix} |A_1| & \frac{A_{1\max}}{2} \\ |E_1| & \frac{E_{1\max}}{2} \end{matrix} \right\} \quad (2)$$

$$R = \sqrt{x_2^2 + y_2^2 + z_2^2} \quad (3)$$

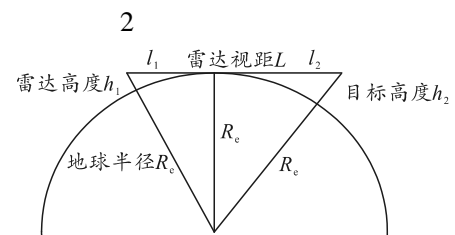


图 2 地球曲率影响下雷达视距几何模型

$$\left. \begin{aligned} L &= l_1 + l_2 \\ (R_e + h_1)^2 &= R_e^2 + l_1^2 \\ (R_e + h_2)^2 &= R_e^2 + l_2^2 \end{aligned} \right\} \quad (7)$$

$$L = \sqrt{h_1^2 + 2h_1R_e} + \sqrt{h_2^2 + 2h_2R_e} \\ \sqrt{2R_e} (\sqrt{h_1} + \sqrt{h_2}) \quad (8)$$

$$a_e \quad a \\ k \\ a_e = ka \quad (9)$$

$$k = 1 / [1 + a(dn/dh)] \quad (10)$$

$$\frac{dn}{dh} \quad k \\ 6 \quad 371 \text{ km} \quad -39 \text{ km} \quad k \quad 1.33 \\ 4/3 \quad " \quad "$$

(9) (10) (8)

$$L \sqrt{2 \times (4/3) \times R_e} (\sqrt{h_1} + \sqrt{h_2}) \quad (11)$$

$$R_e \quad 6 \quad 371 \text{ km} \quad (8)$$

$$L \quad 4.12 (\sqrt{h_1} + \sqrt{h_2}) \quad (12)$$

$$h_1 \quad h_2 \quad m \\ L \quad \text{km}$$

2 典型案例分析

2.1 防空预警装备覆盖能力分析

[13-14]

150 m

18 km

1 20 km 2

1

0 1 km

130 km 20 km

580 km

[12]

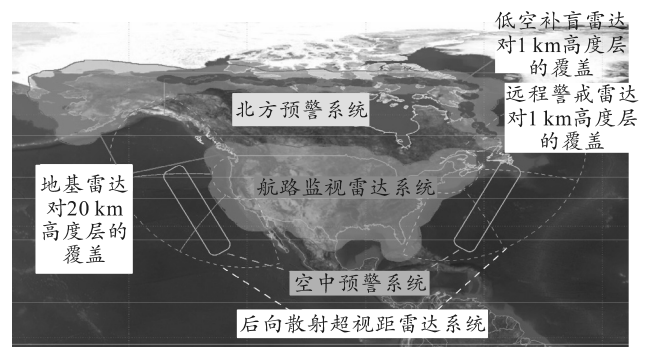


图3 美国防空预警装备覆盖效果

表1 美国典型防空预警雷达参数 km

			1 km	20 km
	/			
AN/FPS-118	/1 /1	HF	900 3 300	900 3 300
AN/FPS-117	/11 /10 /5	L	130	370
AN/FPS-124	/37 /3	L	110	110
AN/FPS-130 (ARSR-4)	/44	L	130	470
TARS	/12	L	320	320
E-3 (AN/APY-2)	/20	S	270	650

3

900 3 300 km

[14]

L

4 600 m

144

3 000 m

270

km<sup>[14]</sup> E-3 X AN/TPY-2  
 500 600 km 300 [14]  
 400 km 270 km<sup>[15]</sup>  
 70°  
 0.2° RCS  
 14 445  
 20 km  $R \propto \sigma^{1/4}$  (13)  
 AN/FPS-117  $\sigma$  RCS  
 94.63% 1 km RCS 10 m<sup>2</sup>  
 130 km AN/FPS-117 10 m<sup>2</sup> RCS  
 1 km 10 m<sup>2</sup> 5 800 km RCS  
 70° 31.7% RCS 1 m<sup>2</sup> (13)  
 AN/FPS-117 AN/FPS-124 3 260 km  
 70°  
 68.57% SBIRS  
 0.1° 4  
 112 015 43 424 1° 4  
 20 km 83.74%  
 98.66%  
 810  
 100% 99.38%  
 71.19%

2.2 导弹预警装备覆盖能力分析

3

2

表 2 美国典型导弹预警雷达参数 km

UEWR	P	5 800(RCS=10 m <sup>2</sup> )
1		3 260(RCS=1 m <sup>2</sup> )
5		
"	L	4 800
AN/FPS-108	/1	
X	/	X 2 000
SBX 1		
AN/TPY-2	/1	/ X 1 600
2		660
	DSP	[7]
SBIRS-GEO	SBIRS-HEO	STSS [16]

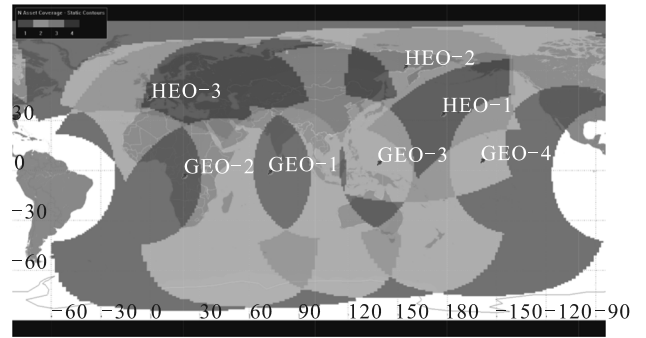


图 4 天基高轨红外预警卫星对地覆盖

5 5

RCS 10 m<sup>2</sup>  
 RCS 1 m<sup>2</sup>  
 UEWR  
 UEWR

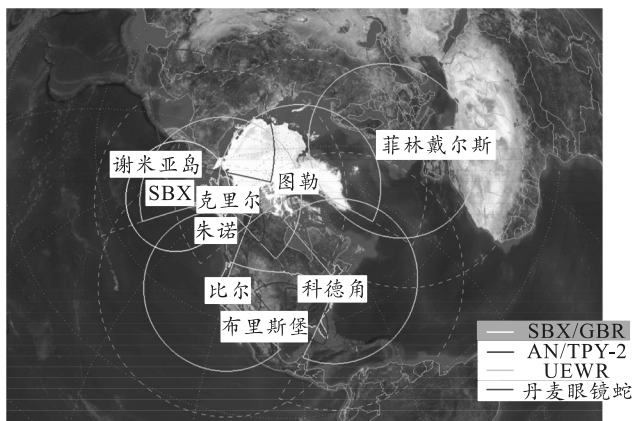


图 5 美国导弹预警雷达覆盖效果

### 3 结束语

#### 3.1 防空预警装备特点

1)

2 500 km

70°

2)

3)

#### 3.2 导弹预警装备特点

1)

( 6GEO+4HEO )  
24 h

2)

P/L

X

2020  
(LRDR)

S

P L S X

3)

X

AN/TPY-2

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